

**HISTORY
ALLIED COURSES**

SEMESTER: I ALLIED: I PART: III	22UHISA15-1: STUDIES ON STATES AND GOVERNMENTS-I	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the course are to

- LO1:** Differentiating various kinds of States and their merits and demerits
- LO2:** Explain the meaning and features of constitution
- LO3:** Understand the theory separation of powers.
- LO4:** Learn the features of suffrage and constituency.
- LO5:** Know the role, types and the defects of political parties.

UNIT- I

Hours:15

State - Classification of States - Aristotelian Classification - Merits and Demerits of Unitary and Federal States - Problems of Federal Government

UNIT-II

Hours:15

Constitution - Definition of Constitution - Framework of Government - Preamble of the constitution - Fundamental Rights and Duties - Classifications of Constitution.

UNIT- III

Hours:15

Theory of separation of powers- Montesquieu views on separation of powers - Montesquieu and its application in the American and British context.

UNIT-IV

Hours:15

Suffrage- Meaning of suffrage - Types of Constituency - Duty of representatives - Representation of minorities Electorate.

UNIT-V

Hours:15

Political parties - Classification of Political parties - Role of Political parties - Defects of Political parties - Interest and Pressure Groups

Course Outcome (Cos)

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Obtain knowledge about the classification of States
- CO2:** Realize rights and duties of the people
- CO3:** Understand on Montesquieu views on separation of powers
- CO4:** Learn the importance of suffrage and electoral representation
- CO5:** Know the pros and cons of political party system

Text Books

1. Appadurai A. (1990). *Substance of Politics*: New Delhi. Oxford University Press
2. Gomathinayagam, P, (2015) . *Modern Government*: Sivakasi. Tensy Publications

Supplementary Readings

1. Amal Roy and Mohit Bhattacharya. (2002). *Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions*: Calcutta. The World Press
2. Strong C.F, (1973). *Modern Political Constitutions*: London. Sedgwick & Jackson Limited.

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3			
CO2		3		2	
CO3		2			2
CO4			2	2	2
CO5	3				

SEMESTER: I ALLIED: I PART: III	22UHISA15-2: OUTLINES OF POLITICAL THEORY-I	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the course are to

- LO1:** Impart the basics and importance of Political Science as a subject of study.
- LO2:** Explain the nature of the State and its association with society and Associations
- LO3:** Describe the theories of State
- LO4:** Know the meaning and nature and theories of Sovereignty
- LO5:** Examine the rights and duties of Citizens

UNIT-I

Hours:15

Nature, scope and importance of Political Science – Approaches – Methodology – Political Science and other Social Sciences

UNIT-II

Hours:15

State: Nature and Elements – State and Government – State and Society – State and Associations – State, Nation and Nationality.

UNIT-III

Hours:15

Theories of State: Divine Right theory – Theory of Force – Patriarchal theory – Matriarchal theory – Evolutionary theory – Social Contract theory.

UNIT-IV

Hours:15

Sovereignty: Meaning and Nature – Characteristics of Sovereignty – Kinds of Sovereignty - Austin's theory of sovereignty – Pluralistic theory of sovereignty.

UNIT-V

Hours:15

Citizenship - Rights - Duties – Liberty – Equality – Justice – Law

Course Outcome (COs)

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Obtain knowledge about the nature and scope of political science and its relationship with other social sciences

CO2: Realize nature and elements of State and Government

CO3: Understand the various theories of States

CO4: Learn the characteristics and kinds of sovereignty

CO5: Know the essentiality of rights and duties of Citizens

Text Books

1. Vidya Dhar Mahajan. (2013). *Political Theory: Principles of Political Science*: New Delhi. S. Chand & Company.
2. Rout B.C.(1987)..*Political Theories: Concepts and Ideologies*. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company (Pvt.) Ltd.
3. Johari J.C, (1990). *Modern Constitutions*: New Delhi: S. Chand & Co.

Supplementary Readings

1. Kapur A.C, (2005). *Principles of Political Science*: New Delhi. S. Chand & Co.
2. Agarwal R.C, (2002). *Political Theory: Principles of Political Science*: New Delhi. S. Chand & Company Ltd.
3. Amal Roy and Mohit Bhattacharya (2002).*Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions*: Calcutta. The World Press.

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	2

SEMESTER:I ALLIED: I PART: III	22UHISA15-3: PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY - I	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the course are to

- LO1:** Elaborate the basics of Sociology and its relationship with other Social Sciences
- LO2:** Explain the various concepts of sociology.
- LO3:** Point out the aspects and characteristics of social group
- LO4:** Describe the elements and functions of Culture and how it differs from Civilization
- LO5:** Learn the different type of Social Institutions

UNIT-I

Hours:15

The Science of Sociology - Definition - Nature and scope - Sociology as a Science - Its importance and relations to other Social Sciences

UNIT-II

Hours:15

Basic Concepts of Sociology: Society - Community - Institution - Association - Social Group - Status and Role.

UNIT-III

Hours:15

Social group - Definition - Characteristics - Types and Functions – Values – Ethics

UNIT-IV

Hours:15

Culture - Definition - Characteristics - Elements - Functions - Cultural Lag - Ethnocentrism - Culture and Civilization - Cultural Uniformity and Variability.

UNIT-V

Hours:15

Social Institutions: Marriage - Family – Religion - Education - Economy - Government - Nature and Functions.

Course Outcome (COs)

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Obtain knowledge about the nature and scope of Sociology and to understand Sociology as Science

CO2: Being a social animal, realize the individual's connectivity with Society, Institutions and Community

CO3: Understand the characteristics of social group and eminence of adhering values and ethos

CO4: Understand the causes for cultural lag and degradation

CO5: Know the essentiality and inner values of social institutions such as marriage and family

Text Books

1. Inkeles Alex (1964). *What is Sociology? An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession*: Englewood Cliffs. N.J. Prentice Hall.
2. Smelser, N.J. (1993). *Sociology*: New Delhi. Prentice Hall of India Ltd.

Supplementary Readings

1. Giddens, Anthony (2001). *Sociology*: Cambridge. Polity.
2. Horton, B and Hunt, L. (1984). *Sociology*: New York. McGraw Hill Book Cp.
3. Johnson, Harry M. (1993). *Sociology: A Systematic Introduction*: New Delhi. Allied Publishers.

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	3		2	2
CO2		2		2	
CO3	2		2		
CO4			3		2
CO5		2	2		2

SEMESTER: II ALLIED: II PART: III	22UHISA25-1: STUDIES ON STATES AND GOVERNMENTS -II	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the Course are to

- LO1:** Highlight the roots and salient features of Indian Constitution
- LO2:** Explaining in detail nature and scope of Fundamental Rights and Directive principles of State policy
- LO3:** Point out the powers, duties and functions of Union Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
- LO4:** Elaborate the powers, duties and functions of State Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
- LO5:** Impart knowledge on functioning and structure of Urban and Rural self Governments

UNIT-I

Hours:15

Philosophical foundations of the Indian Constitution - Salient Features of the Indian Constitution - Preamble of the Indian Constitution - Citizenship in India - Constitutional Amendment in India.

UNIT-II

Hours:15

Nature and Scope of Fundamental Rights - Nature and Scope of Directive Principles of State Policy

UNIT-III

Hours:15

The President - The Vice-President - The Prime Minister, Cabinet and Council of Ministers. - Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha - Supreme Court of India. - Centre-State Relations

UNIT-IV

Hours:15

The Governor - The Chief Minister - Cabinet and the Council of Ministers - Legislative Assembly -Legislative Councils - High Courts

UNIT-V

Hours:15

Urban Local Government: Corporations - Municipalities - Townships - Cantonments Mayor - 74th Constitutional Amendment - Rural Government: Balvanth Rai Metha and Ashok Metha Committees - District Panchayat - Panchayat Samiti - Village Panchayat - District Collector - 73rd Constitutional Amendment

Course Outcomes (COs)

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Obtain knowledge about the features of Indian Constitution and its significance.

CO2: Know the fundamental rights enshrined in the Indian constitution

CO3: Understand the administrative system of Union Government.

CO4: Learn the administrative system of State Governments.

CO5: Differentiate the administrative mechanism of Urban and Rural Local Governments

Text Books

1. Ghai U.R, (2000). *Indian Political System* :Jalandhar: Academic Publishing House
2. Maheswari S.R, (2005). *Local Government in India*: Meerut: Lakshmi Narain Aggrawal
3. Basu D.D (2005). *Introduction To Indian Constitution*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall,

Supplementary Readings

1. Harihara Das (2000). *Political System of India*: New Delhi. Anmol Publications
2. Kishore Sharma (2005). *Introduction to the Constitution of India*: New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
3. Siwach J.R (2005). *Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics*: New Delhi: Sterling Publications

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3		2	2
CO3	2	3	2		2
CO4	3		2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	

SEMESTER: II ALLIED:II PART: III	22UHISA25-2: OUTLINES OF POLITICAL THEORY –II	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the course are to

- LO1:** Describe the main aspects of Constitution
- LO2:** Explain the significance of adult suffrage and organizational structure of Legislature
- LO3:** Highlight the types and functions of Executive
- LO4:** Describe the functions of Judiciary and differentiate rule of Law from Administrative Law
- LO5:** Reveal the articulation of political participation by different agencies like political parties and mass media

UNIT–I

Hours:15

Constitution: Meaning and Nature – Essentials of a Good Constitution – Written and Unwritten Constitutions – Rigid and Flexible Constitutions – Merits and Demerits.

UNIT–II

Hours:15

Legislature: Adult suffrage –Organization of Legislature: Unicameral system and Bi cameral system – Composition of lower house and upper houses – Powers of the two houses – Direct Legislation.

UNIT–III

Hours:15

Executive: Types of Executive: Parliamentary Executive – Presidential Executive – Plural Executive – Functions.

UNIT–IV

Hours:15

Judiciary: Importance, Functions and Independence of the Judiciary – Rule of Law – Administrative Law – Relationship among Legislature and Executive.

UNIT–V

Hours:15

Political Participation: Political parties – Pressure groups – Public opinion.- Mass Media – Electronic Media.

Course Outcomes (COs)

On successful completion of the Course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Aware of essentiality of a constitution to protect the rights
- CO2:** Understand the proper exercising of suffrage
- CO3:** Acquire knowledge on types and functions of Executive
- CO4:** Learn the importance of Judiciary and its relationship with Legislature and Executive
- CO5:** Know how the political parties, pressure groups, and mass media activate political participation

Text Books

1. Eddy Asirvatham & K.K. Mishra (2004). *Political Theory*: New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Co.
2. Vidya Dhar Mahajan, (2013). *Political Theory: Principles of Political Science*: New Delhi: S. Chand & Company.
3. Amal Roy and Mohit Bhattacharya (2002). *Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions*: Calcutta. The World Press.

Supplementary Readings

1. Kapur A.C. (2005). *Principles of Political Science*: New Delhi: S. Chand & Co.
2. Rout B.C., (1987). *Political Theories: Concepts and Ideologies*: New Delhi: S. Chand & Company (Pvt.) Ltd.
3. Johari J.C., (1990). *Modern Constitutions*: New Delhi. S. Chand & Co.

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2		2	
CO2	2	2			
CO3	3	2	2		
CO4			3	2	2
CO5			2	2	2

SEMESTER: II ALLIED: II PART: III	22UHISA25-3: PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY – II	CREDITS: 3 HOURS: 75
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Course Objectives

Main objectives of the course are to

- LO1:** Gain knowledge on socialization of individuals by the family and society
- LO2:** Discuss the different types of social process and its consequences
- LO3:** Study the types and need for social control aiming at progress
- LO4:** Describe about the society's categorization of people into groups based on factors like wealth, education and gender
- LO5:** Reveal the factors for social change and modernization

UNIT-I

Hours:15

Individual in the family and Society - Heredity and Environment - Socialization - Agencies of Socialization - Importance of Socialization

UNIT-II

Hours:15

Social Processes - Meaning - Types of Social Processes - Associative and Dissociative Social Processes

UNIT-III

Hours:15

Social Control - Meaning, Nature and Need of Social Control - Types of Social Control - Formal and informal.

UNIT-IV

Hours:15

Social Stratification and Mobility: Meaning, Forms and Functions of Social Stratification.

UNIT-V

Hours:15

Social Change - Meaning - Factors of Social Change - Social Evolution, Social Progress, and Modernization - Development

Course Outcomes (COs)

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Aware of importance of Socialization and the factors involved in it
- CO2:** Realize that social process is a social interaction that occurs repeatedly
- CO3:** Understand that certain rules of the society is essential to regularize individuals
- CO4:** Learn that society is segmented by certain factors
- CO5:** Get clarity on social change should always be positive and progressive

Text Books

1. Goode, W.J., (1977) *.Principles of Sociology*: New Delhi.Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd.
2. Giddens Anthony. (2001). *Sociology*: Cambridge. University press
3. Caplow, Theodore (1971). *Sociology* :New Jersey. Prentice Hall.

Supplementary Readings

1. Bottomore, T.B, (1979). *Sociology A Guide to Problems and Literature*: New Delhi: Blakie and Sons (India) Ltd.
2. Shankar Rao, (1997). C.N. *Sociology*: New Delhi: S. Chand and Company Ltd.

Outcome Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		3	2	2	2
CO2		3		2	2
CO3	3	3			2
CO4	2		2		
CO5	3		2	2	